EDITORIAL

DOI: 10.18554/reas.v8i2.3523

EDITORIAL

SYSTEMATIZATION OF NURSING CARE: A BRAZILIAN INVENTION?

Rosimere Ferreira Santana¹

Routinely in practice, teaching and research has been the use of the Systematization of Nursing Assistance as referring to the nursing process. As in the example "in the hospital there is no SAE", this would imply that, as defined by resolution COFEN 358 2009, there would not have organization of "professional work on the methodology, personnel and instruments, making possible the implementation of the nursing process". But, in fact what is meant behind it is that it would "not have implemented all phases of the nursing process or not yet adopted the standardized language systems - taxonomies". The conceptual confusion about what SAE would be, Process of Nursing and taxonomies, and when each one will be used, still causes seminal questions in experienced professionals,

If one thinks in the definition of SAE, there is still the desire to conceptualize each axle, for example, the method axis - described as the nursing process itself, so the nursing process would be contained in SAE. Would it be something smaller? Would it therefore be an axis of SAE?

Moreover, then, what is the reason for the distinction immediately afterwards in the same resolution, "Nursing Process is a methodological tool that guides the professional care nursing and documentation of professional practice" and describes the five phases of the nursing process: Research, diagnosis, planning, implementation and evaluation. These are widely publicized and accepted worldwide as the way of making contemporary nursing work, the scientific instructions for nursing use. So, why the reason for the creation of SAE in Brazil, if the nursing process is itself the model of professional practice.

It is noteworthy the way to document also described in the legislation, but not detailed, scene of many discussions because this is another controversial issue of global nursing - the adoption of a single standard language system. However, despite the adopted taxonomy, the registration steps and workflow are the same worldwide. So why in Brazil, SAE stands out over the nursing process?

It would be the historical condition of the profession institution historically ruled in the dichotomy lady-nurses and nurses administer care. Are these historical roots influencing today the difficulty nurses focus their activities in the implementation of the nursing process? That is, in the care to individuals, families and communities, in the income statement of its action, at the expense of support for other professionals.

Another important question was the distinction of the Systematization of Nursing Care Management Area Nursing working in the adoption of contemporary organizational and managerial models of personnel management, materials, satisfaction indicators, instruments, and quality of work. Therefore, one thinks whether SAE definition exists or it would be appropriate to advocate Management in nursing, whether the nursing management organizes the nursing work, a term recognized worldwide, without resets, with no overlapping and darkness.

However, breaking down the axes of systematization of nursing assistance it is understood that his concept originates in Management in nursing, and that its postulate in the literature and Resolution eventually put more emphasis on managerial aspects than to aspects of its own nursing process application.

¹ Enfermeira. Doutora em Enfermagem. Professora, Escola de Enfermagem Aurora de Afonso Costa/EEAAC/UFF. Niterói (RJ), Brasil.

In short, the SAE supports the management in nursing thus organizes professional work, enabling the organization of work. However, the nursing process needs to be emphasized in Brazil, as something independent, as the center of nursing care, and not understood as associated to systematization of nursing assistance, as an invention. Rooted in the fact that there is no personal, method or instrument it would not have the process, and there would have the nursing itself without these elements? This has greatly hindered the implementation of the nursing process in the Brazilian nursing practice, with emphasis on the NCS, and the absence of light to the nursing process - guiding principle of the profession-science.

Descriptors: Nursing Process; Diagnosis of Nursing; Systematization of nursing care.

- 1. Conselho Federal de Enfermagem (Brasil). Resolução COFEN n.358, de 15 de outubro de 2009. Dispõe sobre a sistematização da assistência de enfermagem e a implementação do processo de enfermagem em ambientes, públicos ou privados, em que ocorre o cuidado profissional de enfermagem, e dá outras providências [Internet]. Brasília, DF: COFEN; 2009 [citado em 28 dez 2019]. Disponível em: http://www.cofen.gov.br/resoluo-cofen-3582009_4384.html
- 2. Fuly PSC, Leite JL, Lima SBS. Correntes de pensamento nacionais sobre sistematização da assistência de enfermagem. Rev Bras Enferm. [Internet]. dez 2008 [citado em 16 set de 2019]; 61(6):883-87. Disponível em: http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0034-71672008000600015&lng=en. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/S0034-71672008000600015
- 3. Bellato R, Pasti MJ, Takeda E. Algumas reflexões sobre o método funcional no trabalho da enfermagem. Rev Latinoam Enferm. [Internet]. jan 1997 [citado em 7 dez 2019]; 5(1):75-81. Disponível em: http://www.scielo.br/pdf/rlae/v5n1/v5n1a09.pdf. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/S0104-11691997000100009
- 4. Peres AM, Ciampone MHT. Gerência e competências gerais do enfermeiro. Texto & Contexto Enferm. [Internet]. 2006 [citado em 28 dez 2019]; 15(3):492-99. Disponível em: http://www.scielo.br/pdf/tce/v15n3/v15n3a15.pdf. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/S0104-07072006000300015